

Supplement Selection Based on Forage Test Results



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UF-NFREC

February 14, 2018

UF|IFAS
UNIVERSITY of FLORIDA

Wakeboarding

A new sport (at least for me)



“Wakeboarding” by the Argentinean gauchos



Outline

- Hay alone may not always meet requirements
- Understanding a hay test
- Cow/calf: needs for supplementation
 - ✓ Hay intake?
- Florida's diverse ag industries are a blessing
 - ✓ What options we have available?
- Introducing “The UF Hay Balancer”, a decision-aid tool (smart phone app coming soon)
- Take home messages

Supplementation in the cow/calf sector



Supplementation:

Feeding two animals at the same time



Florida's blessings in terms of cattle feeding opportunities



- Citrus (166 million boxes/yr)
- Cotton (191,200 bales/yr)
- Peanuts (380 million lbs/yr)
- Sugar cane (28 million tons/yr)
- Vegetables
- *Brassica carinata*?

Corn gluten feed (CGF)

- **Corn byproduct**
 - Wet milled corn for starch or ethanol production
- **Widely utilized in US**
- **Relatively high in CP and energy (22% CP and 80% TDN)**
- **Can be high in S and can be variable in nutrient content**



Distillers grains

- **Corn byproduct**
 - **Dry milled corn for ethanol production**
- **Widely utilized in US, especially the Midwest**
- **Relatively high in CP (29%) and a great energy source (99% TDN), mostly from fat**
- **For every 100 lb of corn processed, about 33 lb of distillers is produced**



Soybean hulls (SH)

- Byproduct of soybean meal or oil production
- Replace portions of hay during winter
- High-energy fiber source (77% TDN and 12% CP)
- Effective fiber is limited due to small particle size of soybean hulls



Other feeds

- Cottonseed meal
- Molasses
- Soybean meal
- Whole cottonseed
- Commercial supplements (pellets, meals, etc.)
- Glycerol?
- Carinata meal?



Storage capacity



Storage capacity



Hay intake

- More than ever supplementation strategies need to be cost effective
- How can I design a cost effective supplementation without an idea of the hay/forage intake?



Photo credit: Tessa Schulmeister, NFREC

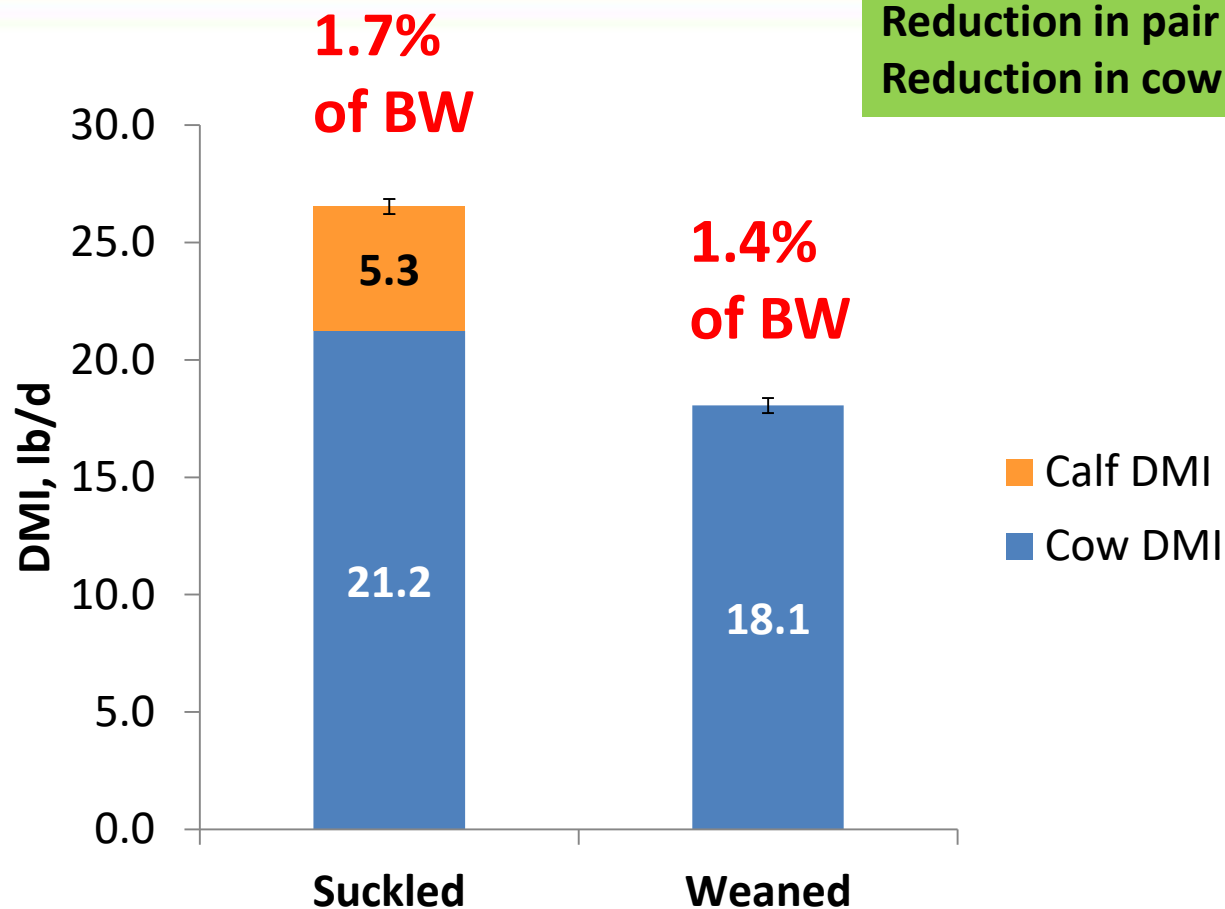
Cow hay intake study

56 d fed T85 BG hay (10.5% CP, 67% TDN)



How much hay does a cow eat?

T85 hay fed over 56 d at the NFREC-FEF

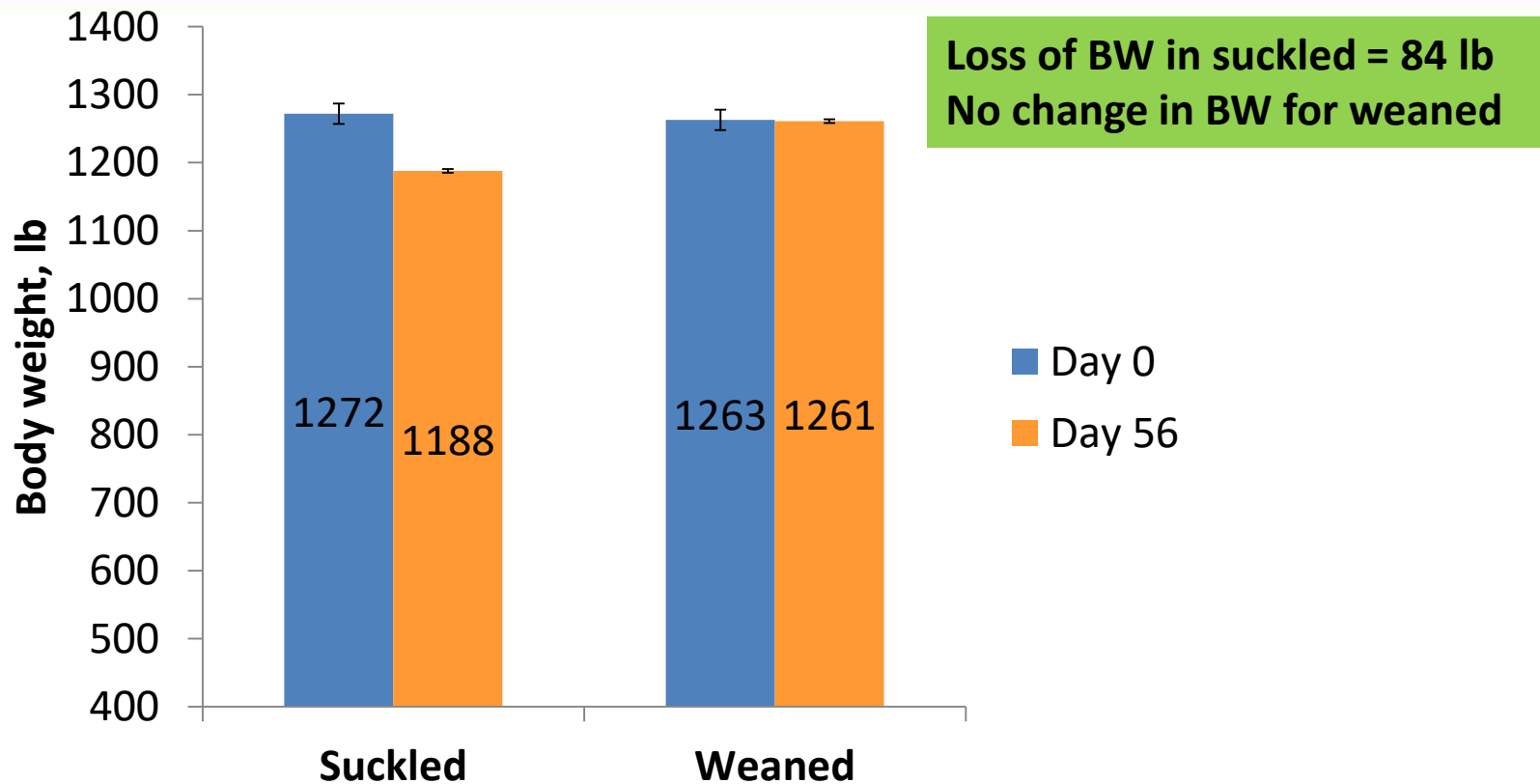


Reduction in pair DMI by weaning = 32%
Reduction in cow DMI by weaning = 15%

Suckled vs. weaned Cow DMI, $P < 0.01$

Change in body weight in lactating vs. weaned cows

Over 56 d hay feeding



Day 0, suckled vs. weaned, $P = 0.86$

Day 56, suckled vs. weaned, $P < 0.01$

Taking a proper hay sample



University of Florida IFAS Extension Solutions for Your Life

UF IFAS Extension
UNIVERSITY of FLORIDA

Panhandle Ag e-News

Home Panhandle Ag Home Useful Links County Agriculture Extension Agents Search

« George Fisher Honored as Washington County Agricultural Innovator Incoming UF President Pichs is Positive for Agriculture »

SUBSCRIBE

Upcoming Events

- Northwest Florida Beef Conference & Trade Show – February 14
- Southwest Alabama Crop Production Meetings – February 15 or 16, 27 or 28
- Fruit & Vegetable Grower Food Safety Training – February 16
- Panhandle Fruit & Vegetable Conference – February 19 & 20
- AgSave\$ Workshop to be held in Okaloosa County – February 21
- Application of Advanced Genetic Technology in Beef Cattle Conference – February 22-23
- Escambia County Beef Cattle & Forage Bootcamp – February 24
- Panhandle Satsuma Workshop – February 27
- 2018 Panhandle Row Crop Short Course – March 1
- Mandatory Dicamba Resistant Crop Training – March 16

Understanding Your Forage Test Report

☐ Balage, Beef Cattle, Beekeeping, Dairy, Forage & Pasture, Goats, Hay, Horse, Livestock, Sheep

by Doug Mayo | October 24, 2014

A man wearing a blue shirt and a cap is standing in a barn. He is using a tool to take a sample from a large, round hay bale. The barn has wooden walls and shelves with various items in the background.

10-17-2018

Understanding the hay test

Crop: BERMUDAGRASS

Use: Hay

Species: BEEF

Class/Weight: LACTATING COWS

Variety: Coastal

Relative Forage Quality (RFQ): 89.7

Dry Matter Intake (DMI): 2.19% Live Body Weight

Ration Formulation: No

Near Infrared Reflectance (NIR) Analysis

	<u>As-Sampled</u>	<u>Dry-Matter</u>		<u>As-Sampled</u>	<u>Dry-Matter</u>
Crude Protein	7.4 %	9.1 %	Total Digestible Nutrients	41.1 %	50.4 %
Crude Fiber (Estimated)	26.6 %	32.6 %	Net Energy of Lactation	0.412 MC/lb	0.507 MC/lb
			Net Energy of Maintenance	0.433 MC/lb	0.532 MC/lb
Neutral Detergent Fiber	58.9 %	72.3 %	Net Energy of Gain	0.167 MC/lb	0.206 MC/lb
Acid Detergent Fiber	30.86 %	37.92 %	Metabolizable Energy	775 KC/lb	952 KC/lb
Lignin	4.30 %	5.29 %			
Non-fibrous Carbohydrates	13.75 %	16.89 %	Moisture	18.6 %	0 %
			Dry Matter	81.4 %	100 %

Understanding the hay test



Dairy One



FORAGE TESTING LABORATORY

DAIRY ONE, INC.

730 WARREN ROAD

ITHACA, NEW YORK 14850

607-257-1272 (fax 607-257-1350)

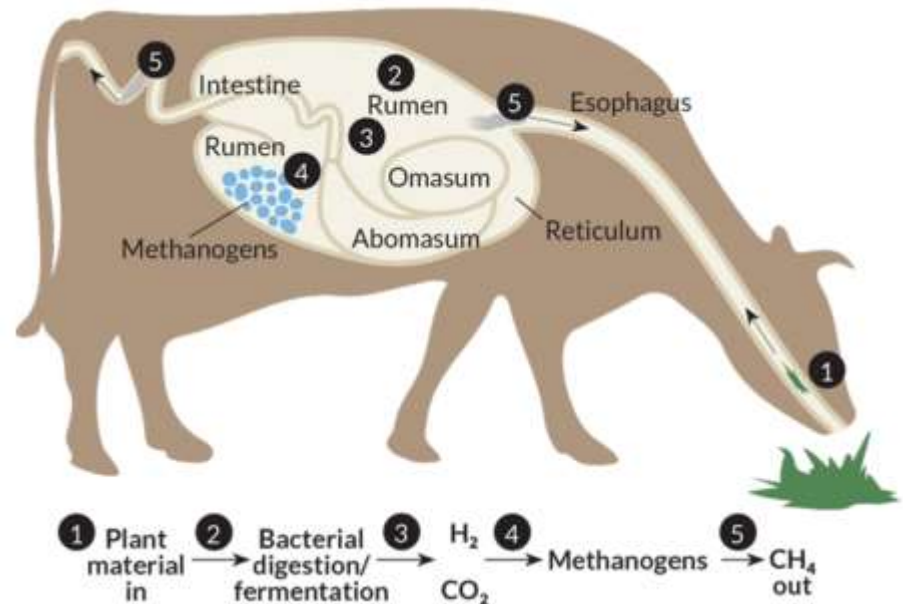
Sampled	Recvd	Printed	ST	CO
	09/11/17	09/12/17		

06-16BU DDH HAY COMPOSITE P1
Univ Of Florida - Schulmeister
3925 Hwy 71
Marianna, FL 32446

ENERGY TABLE - NRC 2001

Sample Description	Farm	Code	Sample
MMG HAY		102	24098990
06-16BU DDH HAY COMPOSITE P1			
Analysis Results			
Components	As Fed	DM	
% Moisture	6.8		
% Dry Matter	93.2		
% Crude Protein	8.7	9.4	
% Adjusted Crude Protein	8.7	9.4	
% ADF	36.2	38.8	
% aNDF	67.7	72.6	
% NFC	7.4	8.0	
% TDN	50	54	
NEL, Mcal/Lb	.36	.39	

Matching energy (TDN) and protein (CP) to maximize performance



Source:

(https://www.sciencenews.org/sites/default/files/sn-2015/112815_cow_digestion_730_free.png)

Introducing The UF Hay Balancer

	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I
1	UF IFAS								
2	UNIVERSITY of FLORIDA								
3			UF Hay Balancer CowCulator						
4			Summary of diet balance and costs						
5									
6	Shortage/surplus of TDN from hay (lbs/hd/d) =		-1.86		Feed # lookup				
7	Shortage/surplus of CP from hay (lbs/hd/d) =		0.20		Feed number =		6		
8					Feed name =		Peanut hay		
9	Feed number	Feed name	Lb/cow/day to feed (as fed)	TDN supplied (lb/cow/d)	CP supplied (lb/cow/d)	Daily cost (\$/hd/d)			
10	0	Free choice hay intake	22.67	11.22	2.04	1.13			
11	2	Corn gluten feed, pellets	1.00	0.65	0.16	0.09			
12	3	Soybean hulls, pellets	3.00	1.61	0.31	0.3			
13									
14									
15									
16									
17									
18									
19	Total supplemental feed =		4.00	lb/cow/d					
20									
21	Shortage/surplus of TDN in balanced diet (lbs/hd/d) =		0.39		✓				
22	Shortage/surplus of CP in balanced diet (lbs/hd/d) =		0.67		✓				
23									
24	Total daily feed cost (supplement only) =		0.39		\$ per cow/day				
25									
26	Total daily feed cost (hay plus supplement) =		1.52		\$ per cow/day				
27									

The UF Hay Balancer Preventing this!!



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Take home message 1

- Labor is a big point to consider when deciding a supplementation strategy



Take home message 2



- Take advantage of the availability of byproduct feeds
- Check our newest decision-aid tools to enhance the productivity in the cow herd

Take home message 3



**If considering
increasing
storage capacity:
plan
accordingly!!**

Thanks!



**Here's a photo
of Dr. Walker
that I took
during our last
hunting trip in
MN**