

2015 Cool-Season Forage Variety Recommendations for Florida

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The 2015 cool-season forage line-up is ready to share with our Florida Cattlemen. An abundance of rain last spring caused significant problems with seed set and grain harvest for cereal rye, triticale and oat that were locally grown. Cereal rye and triticale, in particular, may be in short supply this planting season. At the present time, only Tricale 342 and Monarch triticale are recommended. Last year we tested several triticale varieties sold in the state that were not adapted to Florida and they were not productive. The oat crop was somewhat hampered, but there should be an adequate seed supply on the market If rye or triticale seed is unavailable, oat will be a viable substitute. Remember that there is a new strain of crown rust that does attack most of our eastern oat varieties. A later planting date and grazing should minimize the problem, or consider combining oats with ryegrass in a mixture to spread the risk. The new crown rust resistant Legend 567 will be on the market this fall and seed for RAM Oat (LA99016), Horizon 201 and Horizon 306 should be available. If oat is grown for silage or seed, be prepared to spray with a legal fungicide to protect the crop from a crown rust outbreak.

Seed of ryegrass, clovers, vetch and winterpeas should be in plentiful supply. However, we suggest that operations depending on planting cool-season forages request their needs quickly to secure their seed so as to have it available at planting time.

As in most years, moisture is the key to successful fall forage plantings. Our current predictions are for sufficient rainfall during our fall planting window, which generally starts in mid-September through mid-November.

Recommended varieties for planting this fall are listed in Table 1. While there may be other suitable varieties, our recommendations are based on multi-location, multi-year testing under our Florida growing conditions.

We suggest a seeding rate of 90 to 120 lbs per acre for all small grains. If planting a mixture, you should adjust the seeding rate for each component to half of the recommended rate. If you plant late in the season, use the higher end of the recommended seeding rates for each forage. Additional information to help you with seeding rates, planting depth and grazing or hay recommendations are found in Table 2.

Other things to consider:

- 1. If pastures is not irrigated there is risk involved with planting cool-season forages. Conserved forage or supplements may be the better option.
- 2. If you do plant winter grazing on non-irrigated land, remember that small grains are more drought tolerant than ryegrass.
- 3. When planting ryegrass either in a mixture with small grains or alone, plant on wetter sites. Ryegrass needs good moisture for establishment and growth.
- 4. Vetch and winter peas are fairly drought tolerant. Clovers, however, prefer good moisture for germination and establishment. There is some variation in site suitability for clovers. While, white clovers prefer wetter sites, crimson, red, arrowleaf, and ball are more tolerant of well-drained soils

If you should have questions about planting cool-season forages please contact your local UF-IFAS county agent. An updated and complete version of the 2015-2016 Cool-Season Forage Variety Recommendations will be available on-line shortly at http://edis.ifas.ufl.edu

Table 1. Recommended Forage Varieties for 2015-2016

Oat SS	orizon 201 S76-50 L 401 (very early) L 104	RAM LA 99016 Legend 567 Wrens Abruzzi	Plotspike LA 9339 Horizon 306
Pvo FI	L 401 (very early)		
Pvo	, , ,	wrens Admizzi	Bates RS4
	L 10 4	Elbon	Oklon
, FI	·	EIDOII	OKIOII
Wheat A	GS 2038	SS8641	
Triticale Tr	rical 342	Monarch	
A	ttain	Diamond T	Rio
Bi	ig Boss	Earlyploid	TAMTBO
Busanaga	ulldog Grazer	Flying A	Winterhawk
Ryegrass V	erdure	Jumbo	Ed
Pr	rine	Passeral Plus Nelson	Marshall (gray leaf spot and rust susceptible)
W1.4 GL 0	coee	Louisiana S-1	Regal Ladino
White Clover O	sceola	Regalgraze	Durana
Red Clover So	outhern Belle	Barduro	Red Ace
Crimson Clover D	ixie	AU-Robin	
Arrowleaf Clover A	pache	Yuchi	Blackhawk
Alfalfa Bu	ulldog 805		
Vetch H	airy	Cahaba white	Nova II
Winter Pea A	ustrian (common)	Maple	Whistler
Balansa E:	ixation		
	on	Grazer's Select	Segrest
Ball Clover	OII		
Berseem Clover Bi	igbee	Frosty	
Medic A	rmadillo Burr	Devine Little Burr	
Lupine Ti	ifblue	Tifwhite Frost	

The use of trade names in this publication is solely for the purpose of providing specific information. UF/IFAS does not guarantee or warranty the products named, and references to them in this publication does not signify our approval to the exclusion of other products of suitable composition.

Table 2. Planting dates, seeding rates, planting depths, and grazing parameters for

certain cool-season forage crops.

Seed- propagated	Planting dates ²	Seeding rates (lbs./acre broadcast)	Seeding depth	Grazing height (in.)		Rest period	
crops ¹	- 10.1011g umvos		(inch)	begin	end	Tiost Police	
Alfalfa	Oct. 1 - Nov. 15	15 - 20	1/4 – 1/2	10-16	3-4	Hay 35-40	
						Grazing 15-30	
Clover, Arrowleaf	Oct. 1 - Nov. 15	8 - 12	0 – 1/2	8-10	3-5	10-20	
Clover, Ball	Oct. 1 - Nov. 15	2 - 3	0 - 1/4	6-8	1-3	7-15	
Clover, Berseem	Oct. 1 - Nov. 15	15-20	1/4 - 1/2	8-10	3-5	10-20	
Clover, Crimson	Oct. 1 - Nov. 15	20 - 25	1/4 - 1/2	8-10	3-5	10-20	
Clover, Red	Oct. 1 - Nov. 15	10-15	1/4 - 1/2	8-10	3-5	10-20	
Clover, Subterranean	Oct. 1 - Nov. 15	15 - 20	1/4 -1/2	6-8	1-3	7-15	
Clover, White	Oct. 1 - Nov. 15	3 - 4	0 - 1/4	6-8	1-3	7-15	
Fescue, Tall	Nov. 1 - Dec. 15	20-25	1/4 -1/2	4-8	2-3	15-30	
Oats for forage	Sept. 15 - Nov. 15	100-120	1 - 2	8-12	3-5	7-15	
Pea, Austrian Winter	Oct. 1 - Nov. 15	40 - 60	1/2 - 1	Poor grazing tolerance. Better suited as a hay or silage crop.			
Rye for forage	Oct. 15 - Nov. 15	90 - 120	1 - 2	8-12	3-4	7-15	
Ryegrass, Italian (annual)	Oct. 1 - Nov. 15	20 - 30	0 – 1/2	6-12	3-4	7-15	
Sweetclover	Oct. 1 - Nov. 15	10 - 15	1/4 -1/2	8-10	3-5	10-20	
Turnips	Oct. 1 - Nov. 15	5 - 6	1/4 - 1/2	6-8	2-3	varies	
Vetch, hairy	Oct. 1 - Nov. 15	20 - 30	1 - 2	6-8	3-4	varies	
Wheat for forage	Oct. 15 - Nov. 15	90 - 120	1 - 2	8-12	3-5	7-15	
Triticale for silage	Oct. 15 - Nov. 15	90 - 120	1 - 2	Harvest for silage at milk or soft dough stage of maturity.			

Always check seed quality. Seed germination should be 80% or higher for best results.

²Planting date range: in general, cool-season forage crops in northern Florida can be planted in the early part of the planting date range and in southern Florida, in the latter part of the planting date range.