Caterpillars in Crops



Silvana Moraes

West Florida Research and Education center



Southeastern Coastal Plains

- Peanuts and cotton profitable crops peanut-winter fallow-cotton rotation
- 5-7 weeks of variability from year to year plant and occurrence of pests
- Survival and impact of the pests





Ecological transition zone - temperate and subtropical climates



Southeastern Coastal Plain and Piedmont



2017 Crop Protection and Pest Management Extension Implementation Project for the University of Florida

- Knowledge pests and beneficial insects associated with cotton in the Florida Panhandle
- Evaluate stage-specific occurrence and abundance of the pests and beneficial insects
- Produce management guides for the region



Sentinel plots

Sampling in commercial fields





flacrops.com

Pest samplings

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- Survey of caterpillars in Florida Panhandle
- Pheromone traps occurrence of moths in the region





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How does the pheromone trap work?





How does the pheromone trap work?





2017 Crop Protection and Pest Management Extension Implementation Project for the **University of Florida**



Farmer survey

-Voluntary participation





Paula-Moraes

Corn earworm CEW

Fall armyworm FAW

Soybean looper SBL



Why these species?

Fall armyworm

- duration of adult life 7 to 21 days
- disperses long distances annually during the summer months
- strong flier all states east of the Rocky Mountains



Entomology Program – row crop pests Fall Armyworm

- Present in all American continents not in Alaska and Canada
- Minnesota and New York One generation
- Kansas two generations
- South Carolina three generations
- Louisiana four generations
- Coastal areas of north Florida moths are abundant

from April to December



Fall armyworm

• Larva causes damage by consuming foliage and burrow into the ear, pods and bolls





Corn earworm or cotton bollworm

- duration of life around 30 days
- disperses long distances annually
- during the summer months
- strong flier



Corn earworm or cotton bollworm



Corn earworm or cotton bollworm

- Canada, Minnesota, and western New York one generation
- Northeastern states two generations
- Louisiana and southern California four to five generations
- Florida seven generations



Corn earworm or cotton bollworm

 Larva causes damage by burrowing into the ear, pods and bolls



Identification of caterpillars

Fall armyworm

• Larva does not feel rough to the touch - lacks the microspines



Corn earworm

Larva does feel rough to the touch – presence of the microspines



Soybean looper

- Duration of life around 26 days
- Survival during the winter
- South Florida and south Texas



Soybean looper Caterpillar makes a loop or hump when crawling

two abdominal prolegs



Slide credits: Phillip Roberts and Mike Toews

Entomology Program – row crop pests

University of Georgia

Pest Management

Silverleaf whiteflies

- Risk for SLWF problems: Hairy leaf > smooth leaf cotton
- Late planted > early planted cotton
- Hot and dry > rainy conditions
- Source of infestation vegetables and melon crops
- Management decisions routine sampling

Slide credits: Phillip Roberts and Mike Toews

University of Georgia

Entomology Program – row crop pests

Silverleaf whiteflies in cotton Pest Management

Routine sampling

- 25 plants 10 paces apart
- Turn the 5th main stem leaf slowly
- Leaves are considered infested:



Find the 5th main stem leaf below the terminal



if 3 adult SLWFs are observed



if 5 immatures are observed

Slide credits: Phillip Roberts and Mike Toews

Entomology Program – row crop pests Silverleaf whiteflies in cotton

University of Georgia

Treatment - when 50 percent of sampled leaves are infested with immatures

Insecticides	Safety to Beneficials	Control Interval1	Life Stages Affected
Pyriproxyfen - Knack	Excellent	14-30 days	Eggs and mature nymphs
buprofezin - Courier	Excellent	14-30 day	Nymphs
acetamiprid - Assail, other	Moderate	14-21 day	All stages
<i>flupyradifurone -</i> Sivanto	Good	7-21 days	All stages
<i>dinotefuran -</i> Venom	Moderate	7-14 days	All stages
<i>spiromesifin -</i> Oberon	Good	14-21 ddays	Primarily nymphs

¹Control interval dependent on rate, timing of application, reinfestation rate and pest pressure, and beneficial insect populations

Backbone of SLWF management Slow effect – IGRs Long residual activity



Caterpillar management - Peanut

Sampling methods

Beat cloth



Plant inspection



Sweep net



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Caterpillar management - Peanut

- Scout weekly or more often
- Sampling area divide the field in areas with 20 acres



Caterpillar management - Peanut

• Caterpillar thresholds – 4-8 caterpillars/foot

Examples of insecticides	Rates
Indoxicarb – Steward EC	9.2 – 11.3oz.
Methomyl – Lannate 2.4LV	0.75-1.5pt
Spinosad – Tracer 4SC	1.5-3fl.oz
Bifenthrin - 2EC	2.1-6.4fl.oz.

Extension - Alabama A&M Auburn Universities



Caterpillar management - Peanut

Sampling methods – beat cloth

Soybean looper

- Feed and hold tenaciously bottom of the peanut canopy
- On the leaf underside
- Difficult to control
- Spray coverage key point

Beat cloth



Caterpillar management - Peanut

- Insecticides
- Rotate synthetic pyrethroids with selective insecticides
- Hot summer months
- Prevent spider mite outbreaks



nwdistrict.ifas.ufl.edu



Caterpillar management - Cotton

Transgenic Technology - GMO

HT – Herbicide Tolerant

- GT glyphosate tolerant
- LL Liberty Link glufosinate-tolerant
- RR2 Roundup Ready 2 glufosinate-tolerant



Caterpillar management - cotton

Transgenic Technology - GMO

IR – Insect Resistance – Bt technology



Caterpillar management in cotton

Bt Cotton

Paula-Moraes & Specht, 2017

Comercial	Company	Variety Brands	Bt toxins					
name			Cry1Ac	Cry1F	Cry1Ab	Cry2Ab2	Cry2Ae	VIP3Aa20
Bollgard ®	Monsanto	Deltapine	×					
Bollgard II®	Monsanto	Deltapine	X			X		
Bollgard III®	Monsanto	Deltapine	x			X		x
Widestrike II ®	Dow	Phytogen	X	X				
Widestrike III ®	Dow	Phytogen	x	X				X
TwinLink ®	Bayer	FiberMax, Stoneville			X		X	
TwinLink Plus ®	Bayer	FiberMax, Stoneville			X		X	X



Transgenic Technology - Bt



Herbicide resistant trait





UF Startup funds

Peanut Check-OFF Funds - 2017-18 Funding Cycle

2017 - NIFA CPPM EIP

