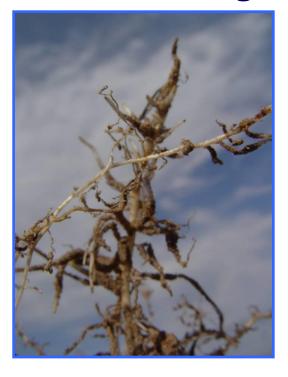
2023 Row Crop Disease Update

"Bob, do you have anything new for me, or are you just going to waste my time?"



Corn and Soybeans Disease & Nematode Management for 2023











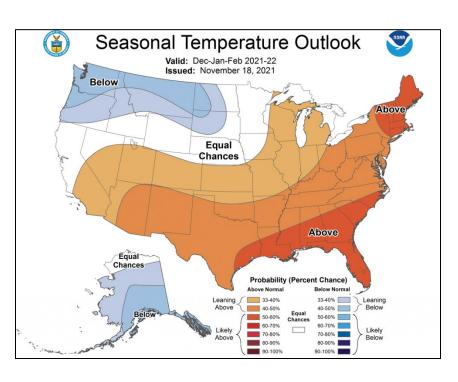
Robert C. Kemerait, Jr. PhD
Professor and Extension Specialist
Department of Plant Pathology, UGA CAES
Twitter

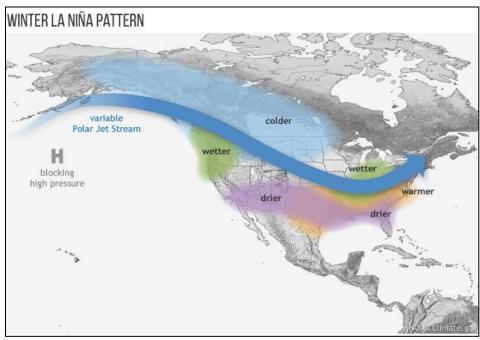
"bob kemerait"

2 February 2023



Winter 2021-2022 La Niña







Southern Georgia 14 January 2022







Southern Georgia 24 January 2022

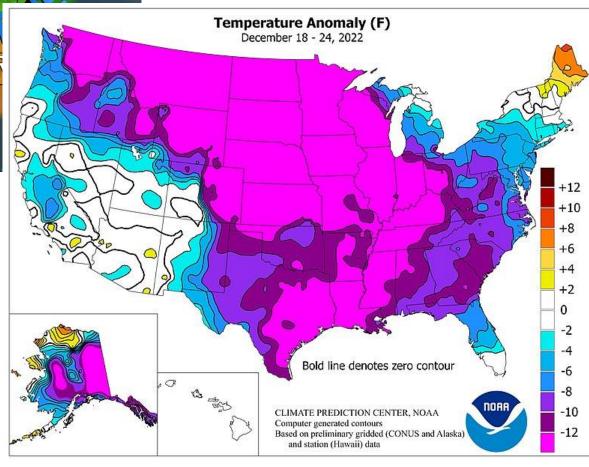




But what about 2022-2023?







Winter in Tifton







2 February 2023





18 January 2023







Nematode Assay Report

Waters Agricultural Laboratories, Inc

257 Newton Hwy | Camilla, GA 31730- | Phone (229) 336-7216

"Improving Growth... With Science"

Processed: 1/18/2023							F	Relativ	ve Abı	ından	ce of	Nema	todes	per 10	OOCC C	of Soil					
OFFENBERG AG CON 85 ANTOCH CHURCH HAWKINSVILLE, GA : UNITED STATES	RD	14525]	Root-Kno (Meloidd	Root-Knot Ju (Meloidogy	Lesion (Pratylench	Stunt (Tylenchorhy	Spiral (Helicotylen	Stubby-Root (Trichodorus)	Dagger (Xiphinema)	Ring (Criconem	Cyst-Adult (Heterodera)	Cyst-Juvenile (Heterodera)	Lan (Hoploa	Stir (Belonol	Reniform (Rotylenchulus Re	Citrus (Tylenchu	Burro (Radop	Sheath (Hemicycliop	Sheat (Hemicricor	Awl (Dolichodo	Comm
Grower: BRUCE WES FarmID: BRUCE WES FieldID: PIVOT 5 NOR	ST.		ot Adult ogune)	Juvenile ogyne)	sion lenchus)	nt hynchus)	al enchus)	-Root dorus)	ger ema)	g noides)	\dult dera)	Juvenile erodera)	nce aimus)	Sting elonolaimus)	orm s Reniformis)	ltrus nchulus)	urrowing adopholus)	ath iophora)	athoid conemoides)	dorus)	ent#
Sample ID	Lab ID	Crop	1				y .	a: :	ė .								ė .		ė ,		
1	4444	COTTON	0	0	11	6	55	3	0	0	0	2	12	0	4536	0	0	0	0	0	1
2	4445	COTTON	0	1116	0	0	7	0	0	0	0	0	6	0	1854	0	0	0	0	0	1

Grady County, 20 January 2023



Extension Nematology Laboratory

University of Georgia 2350 College Station Rd. Athens, GA 30602 Phone: 706-542-9144

Email: gbjagdal@uga.edu;kfm68504@uga.edu

NEMATODE ASSAY REPORT - PRELIMINARY RESULTS Specimen # 2022-N-2192

SUBMITTED BY Cale Cloud		Fallow ()		METHOD SUBMITTED		
	son.cloud@uga.edu;	VARIETY		CLASS		
uge ²	<u> 1131@uga.edu</u>	INTERNAL LAB NO. MamaC	/26	REPLY FROM LAB January 25, 2023		
PHONE	GRADY, GA	SAMPLE MATERIAL	AGE	RECEIVED BY LAB January 25, 2023		
CONDITIO	N UPON ARRIVAL	SPECIALIST(s) Intiaz Chowdhury	NAME OF STUDY	January 20, 2023		
Past	OBSERVATIONS crop was corn. Future is tomato.					
Cliff 744 Whic	Jones Jones Jones Rd Jham, GA 39897 es222222@yahoo.com	REFERRAL INFORMATI	ION			

Assay Results

NEMATODE TYPE	Soil (NO./ per 100 cc)			
Root-knot (Meloidogyne)	15			
Lesion (Pratylenchus)	13			
Ring (Mesocriconema, etc.)	5			
Spiral (Helicotylenchus)	2			



Considerations for La Niña

- Impact of La Niña in the Southeastern USA.
- Winter should be warmer and drier than normal.
- Impact of warmer temperatures on nematodes.
- Impact of warmer temperatures on rust diseases.
- Warmer and drier soils at spring planting??
 - Delayed planting? Desire to plant earlier?
 - Problems with fumigation.
 - Diseases (Aspergillus crown rot)



What you need to know NOW...

- Climate/La Niña 2022-2023 "Three-peat"
- Where you only get one chance.....
 - Aspergillus crown rot and seedling diseases
 - Tomato spotted wilt
 - Nematodes

- Leaf spot control in 2023.
- White mold control
- Peanut Rx



Corn Disease & Nematode Update









Robert C. Kemerait, Jr. PhD
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University of Georgia CAES

Twitter "bob kemerait"

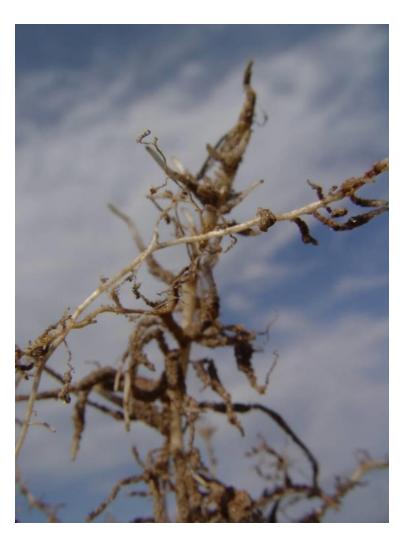


Corn Nematodes



Corn from north Georgia, 2020

Damage from root-knot and stubby-root nematodes in Georgia









Nematicides for Field Corn

- Telone II
 - 3 gal/A
 - Proper soil conditions
 - ~10 days pre-plant
- Counter 20G
 - 5 lb/A
 - Herbicide considerations





- Avicta Complete Corn
 - Seed treatment



Additional Nematicide Options

- Propulse (fluopyram + prothioconazole)
 - Liquid in-furrow application
 - Rate: 4.0-8.0 fl oz/A
 - Trial work continues
- Velum (fluopyram)
 - Liquid in-furrow application
 - Rate: 3.0 fl oz/A
 - Trial work continues







Averland FC from Vive

- Abamectin formulation for in-furrow use on corn (6 fl oz/A)
- Testing continues on corn
- "Claim to fame":
 - Nematicide
 - Can be mixed with in-furrow fertilizer at plant
 - It was compatible with:
 - Riser (2.5 gal/A)
 - Octane (1 gal/A)
 - Corn Mix (1 qt/A)

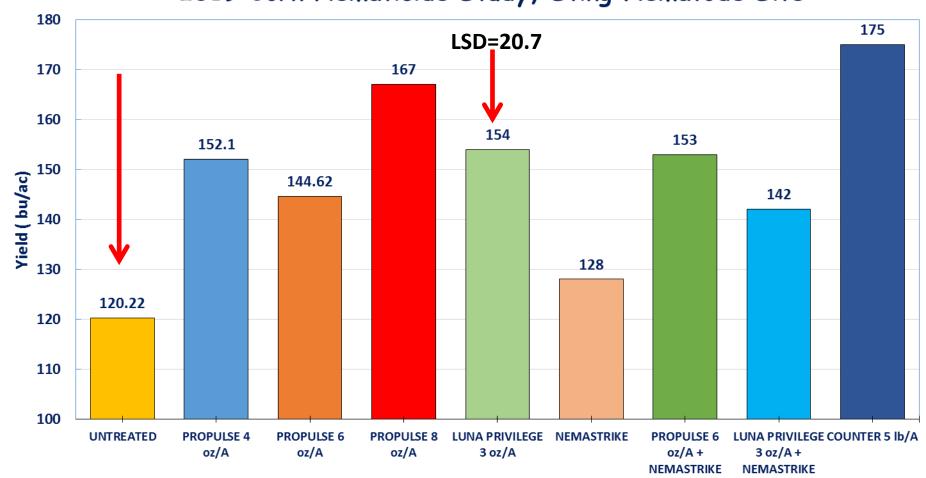




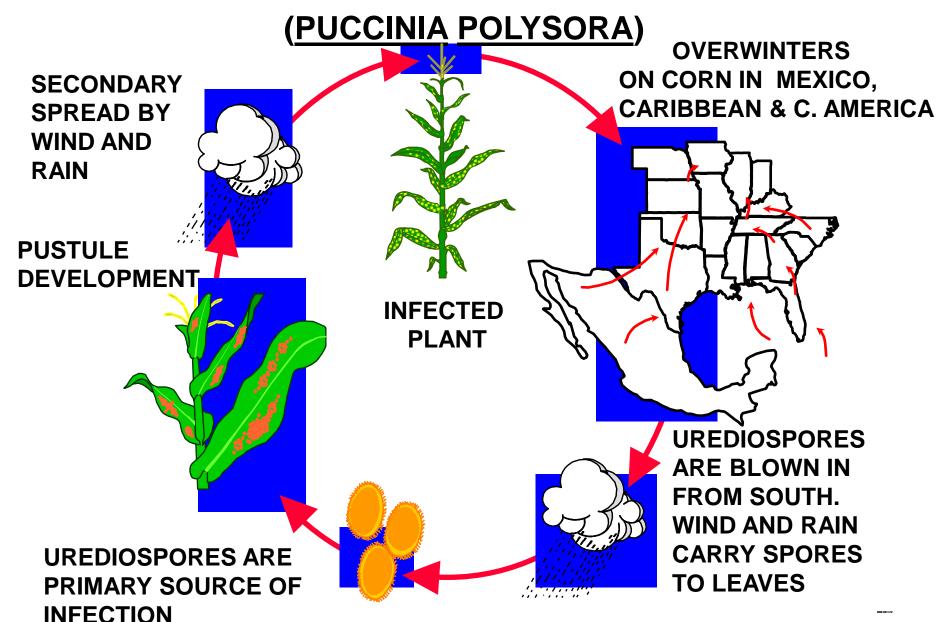
Yield (Sting Site) (bu/A)



2019 Corn Nematicide Study, Sting Nematode Site



SOUTHERN RUST DISEASE CYCLE

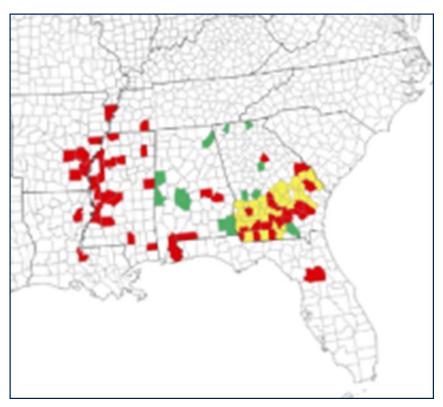


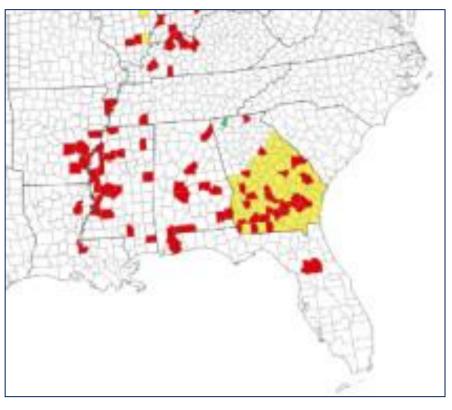
Southern Corn Rust



4 August 2022

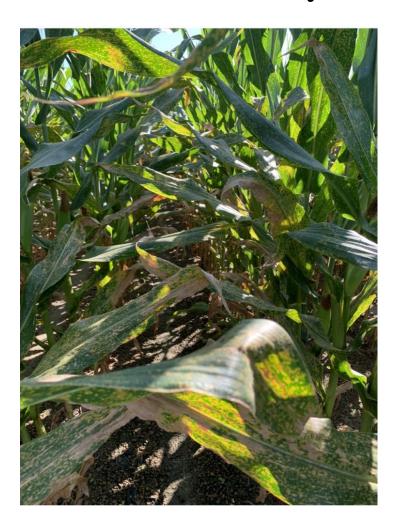
3 September 2022



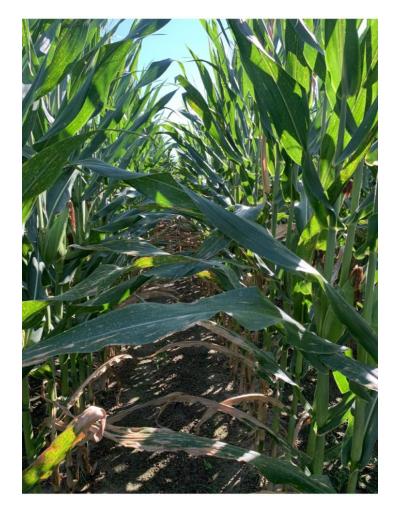


Tift County, September 2022

Pioneer Variety



Dekalb Variety



Tift County, September 2022

Pioneer Variety



Dekalb Variety



Late Planted Corn, Irwin and Thomas Counties

Abiotic Symptom



Tar Spot

EXTENSION





DK 687

Pio 32W86

Pio 31G98



Two fungicide applications



2003 Terrell County, Southern Rust





Newer Fungicides for Corn in 2023

- Miravis Neo (Syngenta)
 - MIRAVIS + azoxystrobin + propiconazole





- Lucento (FMC)
 - Bixafin + flutriafol



- Veltyma (BASF) (7-10 fl oz/A)
 - MEFENTRIFLUCONAZOLE + PYRACLOSTROBIN



Newer Fungicides for Corn in 2023

XYWAY LFR (FMC)

- Flutriafol
- 2 X 2 application at plant
- NOT In-furrow, at-plant
- 5.8-11.8 fl oz/A



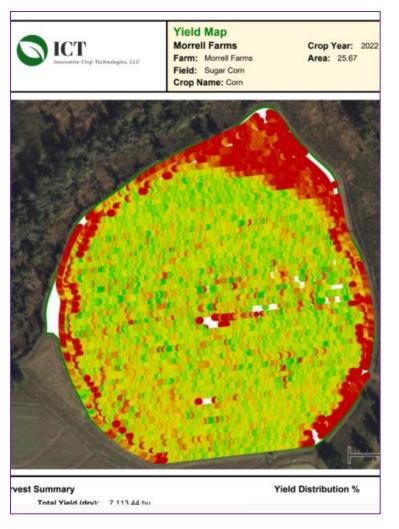
DELARO Complete

- Prothioconazole + trifloxystrobin + fluopyram
- 4.0-6.0 fl oz/A for V4-V7
- 8.0-12.0 fl oz/A for VT and beyond





Grower Testimonial from 2022 XyWay LFR



Meant to share that with you when I got it but I forgot. This is the field with the Xyway plot. The north half had Xyway, the south half didn't. Even though the actual plot showed no difference, the yield map looks like there was a little difference. Plan to try it again next year.

Not a huge difference, but noticable.





Risk Assessment to Determine Likely Response to Foliar Fungicides in Corn

Factors that Increase Risk

- Susceptible hybrid (primarily GLS)
- · Continuous corn
- No-till
- Late planting
- High plant population and/or yield potential
- Irrigation
- Disease activity at tasseling
- Disease-favorable weather forecasted
- Field history of disease and lodging



EXTENSION

The Bottom Line for Corn 2023



Gilmer County 2020

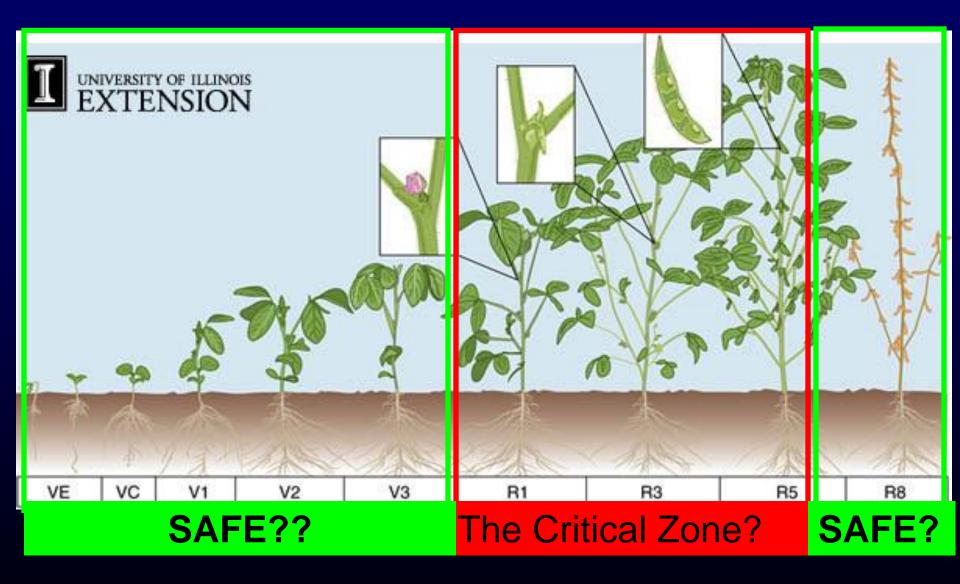
Nematodes: significant problem in corn and soybeans

- Root-knot (especially "southern"), stubby-root, sting on corn.
- Consider all nematicide options.
- You get one chance to fight nematodes.

Southern rust, blights, grey leaf spot, soybean rust, Cercospora leaf blight, anthracnose, frogeye?

- For corn leaf blights, VARIETY matters greatly!
- Earlier planting dates tend to reduce risk of leaf diseases.
- Timing fungicides ahead of disease is critical.
- Selection of fungicide also important., especially mixed-modes of action
- Chemigation is an option for corn growers if done carefully.

Growth Stages of the Soybean Plant



Tool Box for "High-Yield Soybeans" Production Opportunities that Impact Disease

- Crop rotation
- Variety Selection
- Planting Date
- Irrigation
- Scouting and Sentinel Plots
- Chemical Control
- Disease and Nematode Identification







Nematode Management in Georgia Why risk planting a non-resistant variety?

Nematicides for Soybeans

 Plant varieties with resistance to root-knot nematodes when you can.



- If you have nematodes:
 - Seed treatments
 - Syngenta 'AVICTA Complete Bean'.
 - Bayer Crop Science ILevo





- AgLogic 15G
 - Imported by AgLogic, Chapel Hill, NC from China.
 - Same active ingredient as Temik (Aldicarb)

Charcoal Rot







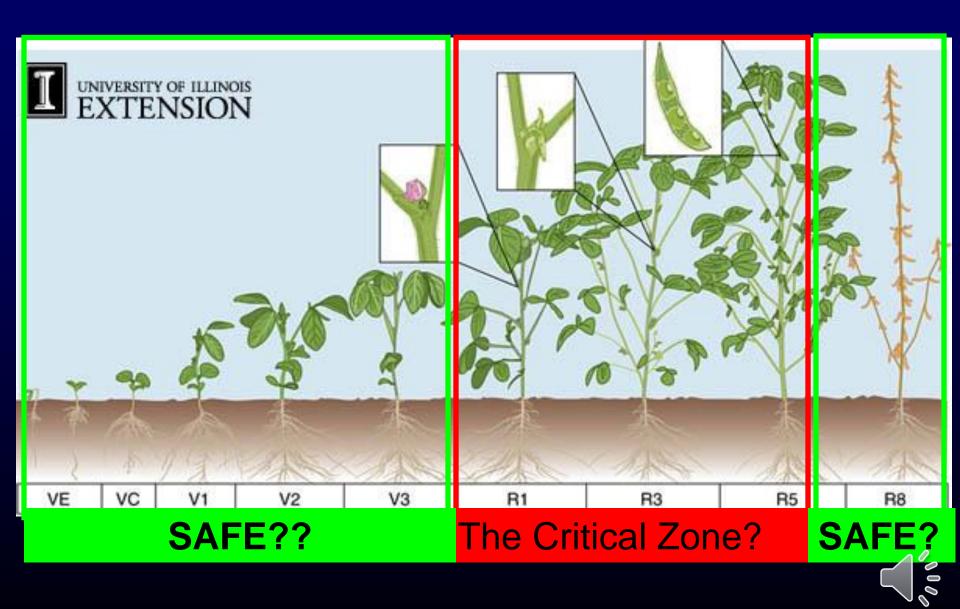
Higher Yields by Deploying Fungicides

- Soybean Rust
- Frogeye Leaf Spot
- Cercospora Leaf Blight
- Anthracnose
- Phomopsis Pod and Stem Blight
- Southern Stem Blight





Growth Stages of the Soybean Plant



Asian Soybean Rust 2023



EXTENSION



Soybeans... sum it up in a single picture...











1. Cercospora Leaf Blight

2. Foliar symptoms from Dimilin

- Cercospora leaf blight will cause purpling of upper foliage and petioles late in season; aslo purple seed stain.
- Dimilin insecticide can cause leaves to become darker green, leathery, and cupped.



Cercospora leaf blight

Bigger Problems than Rust

Phomopsis pod and stem blight; Anthracnose

- These diseases caused tremendous yield losses in some fields.
 - E.g. Terrell, Sumter and Macon Counties
- Inoculum (spores) can survive in crop debris.
- Check varieties for resistance.
- Phomopsis can exist in stems without visible signs of fungus but may cause significant wilt.
- Timely EFFECTIVE fungicides may help manage these diseases.





Anthracnose and Phomopsis Pod and Stem Blight

Sumter County 2020





QUESTIONS

